

CROP HUSBANDRY AND HORTICULTURE

1. PREAMBLE

The examination syllabus has been structured, based on the teaching syllabus, to assess candidates' knowledge and skills in the production, processing, storage, marketing and uses of arable, plantation and horticultural crops. It will also assess the knowledge and skills of candidates in landscaping and other vocations in crop husbandry.

2. AIMS OF THE SYLLABUS

The syllabus is designed to provide a comprehensive assessment of candidates' knowledge and skills in relation to:

- (1) the factors that affect crop production;
- (2) the botany of various arable, plantation and horticultural crops;
- (3) the propagation and cultivation of various arable, plantation and horticultural crops;
- (4) the effective management of crop-based enterprises;
- (5) the processing, preservation, storage, transportation, marketing and use of crops;
- (6) the management of basic problems associated with crop cultivation;
- (7) landscaping, home gardening and interior decoration;
- (8) the socio-economic importance of crops.

3. REQUIREMENTS

- (1) Schools offering Crop Husbandry and Horticulture are expected to keep farms and compounds or attach students to established farms where a variety of arable and horticultural crops are grown and maintained.
- (2) It is recommended that schools should have laboratories, workshops, farm tools and equipment, and study materials such as specimens, chemicals and seeds.
- (3) It is also recommended that candidates keep practical notebooks, farm diaries and weed albums. These should contain records of individual activities, based on laboratory and field observations.

4. EXAMINATION SCHEME

There will be three papers, Papers 1, 2 and 3 all of which must be taken. Papers 1 and 2 will be a composite paper to be taken at one sitting.

PAPER 1: Will consist of fifty multiple choice objective questions all of which must be answered within 1 hour for 50 marks.

PAPER 2: Will consist of six essay-type questions. Candidates will be required to answer four questions within 2 hours for 80 marks.

PAPER 3: Will be a practical paper for school candidates or alternative to practical test paper for private candidates. Each version will consist of four questions all of which must be answered within 2 hours for 60 marks.

5. DETAILED SYLLABUS

CONTENTS	NOTES
<p>A. <u>CULTIVATION OF FIELD CROPS</u></p> <p>1. Factors affecting crop production.</p> <p>2. Characteristics and importance of field crops.</p> <p>3. Distribution of field crops in West Africa.</p>	<p>The effects of solar radiation, temperature, rainfall, wind, edaphic, biotic, and inorganic elements on crop growth, development and yield is required.</p> <p>Understanding of the term field crops, knowledge of their characteristics, knowledge of the common and scientific names of common field crops, and classification of field crops based on the uses and life cycles are required.</p> <p>The groups based on uses are as follows:</p> <p><u>Staple food crops</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cereals (maize, rice, sorghum, millet, wheat, etc.) 2. Grain legumes (cowpea, groundnut, bambara groundnut, soya bean, lima bean, pigeon pea, broad bean, jack bean, sword bean, winged bean, etc.) 3. Root and tuber crops (cassava, sweet potato, yam, cocoyam, Irish potato), and 4. Plantains. <p><u>Special purpose field crops</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fibre crops (cotton, jute, kenaf, roselle, sisal hemp) 2. Spice crops (ginger, black pepper) 3. Sugar crops (sugar cane) 4. Oil crops (sunflower) 5. Medicinal crops (moringa, aloe) 6. Aromatic crops (citronella, lemon grass) 7. Fumitories (tobacco) 8. Masticatories (tiger nut) <p>The groups based on life cycle are Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.</p> <p>The effects of climatic, soil, socio-cultural and biological factors on the distribution of field crops is required.</p>

<p>4. Breeding of field crops:</p> <p>(a) Selection of good planting material.</p> <p>(b) Techniques for developing and maintaining improved varieties.</p> <p>(c) Seed production and marketing.</p> <p>5. Production of cereal crops:</p> <p>(a) Classification, botanical attributes and distribution of cereal crops in West Africa.</p> <p>(b) Land preparation, planting, cultural practices.</p> <p>(c) Harvesting, processing and storage.</p> <p>(d) Uses, value chains</p>	<p>Knowledge of the characteristics and sources of good planting materials such as seeds and vegetative materials is required.</p> <p>Methods of crop improvement such as introduction, selection and hybridization and techniques for maintaining improved varieties are required.</p> <p>Factors influencing seed production, methods of seed production, processing, storage and marketing, qualities of good seed, and factors affecting seed viability are required.</p> <p>The major types of cereal crops (maize, millet, sorghum, and rice), their geographical distribution in West Africa, their classification (family, genus, species and varieties), the morphological characteristics of the roots, leaves, flowers and seeds, and the cross-sectional parts of seeds is required.</p> <p>Land preparation activities, sowing/transplanting and cultural practices like supplying, thinning, weeding, irrigation, fertilizer application, pests and diseases and their control will be assessed.</p> <p>NB: Knowledge of the life cycle of the stem borer (<i>Busseolafusca</i>) is required.</p> <p>Knowledge of signs of maturity, harvesting, processing for storage and methods of storage will be assessed.</p>
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and marketing.	The uses of cereals; and importance of value chains in the production and marketing of cereals will be assessed.
6. Production of leguminous crops:	
(a) Classification, botanical attributes and distribution of leguminous crops in West Africa.	The major types of leguminous crops (cowpea, groundnut and soya bean), their geographical distribution in West Africa, their classification (family, genus, species and varieties) will be assessed.
(b) Land preparation, planting and cultural practices.	Skills in land preparation, sowing/transplanting and cultural practices like seed selection and sowing, supplying, thinning, weeding, fertilizer application, pests and diseases and their control will be assessed. NB: Knowledge of the life cycle of the bruchid (<i>Callosobruchus maculatus</i>) is required.
(c) Harvesting, processing and storage.	Signs of maturity, harvesting, processing for storage and methods of storage will be assessed.
(d) Uses, value chains and marketing.	The uses of legumes; and importance of value chains in the production and marketing of legumes will be assessed.
7. Production of root and tuber crops:	
(a) Introduction	Differences between root and tuber crops, their morphological and anatomical features with emphasis on the storage organs, classification (family, genus and species) varieties and cultivars of cassava and sweet potato and the different species of yams and cocoyam is

	<p>required. The species of yam to be considered are as listed below:</p> <p><u>Species of yam:</u></p> <p><i>Dioscorea rotundata</i> (Guinea yam) <i>Dioscorea alata</i> (Water yam) <i>Dioscorea cayenensis</i> (Yellow yam) <i>Dioscorea dumetorum</i> (Bitter yam) <i>Dioscorea esculenta</i> (Chinese yam/Trifoliate yam) <i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i> (Aerial yam) <i>Dioscorea praehensilis</i> (Bush yam)</p> <p><u>Species of cocoyam</u></p> <p><i>Xanthosoma saggitifolium</i> (Tania) <i>Colocasia esculenta</i> (Taro)</p>
(b) Climatic and soil requirements.	<p>The climatic and soil requirements for growing the root and tuber crops will be assessed.</p>
(c) Land preparation, planting and cultural practices.	<p>Method of land preparation i.e. slash and burn, mounding, ridging etc., the planting materials (stem/vines, cuttings, setts, minisetts, microsetts, bulbils, suckers, tissue culture, plantlets etc.), and the techniques for producing the various planting materials for root and tuber crops are required.</p> <p>Recommended spacing and correct orientation of planting materials, cultural practices such as staking and training, remounding, weeding, fertilizer application, diseases and pests and their control are also required.</p>
(d) Harvesting, post-harvest handling and uses.	<p>Signs of maturity, methods of harvesting such as double and piece meal harvesting and harvesting precautions, post-harvest handling such as preservation, storage methods, processing and various uses will be assessed.</p>
8. Production of cotton:	<p>Assessment will cover classification (from</p>

<p>(a) Introduction</p> <p>(b) Land preparation, sowing and cultural practices</p>	<p>family to species), morphological features (root, leaf, stem, fruit and seed) climatic, soil requirement and distribution of cotton in West Africa.</p> <p>Assessment will cover methods of land preparation and cultural practices such as ploughing, irrigation, pests and diseases and their control.</p> <p>Knowledge of the life cycle of the cotton stainer(<i>Dysdercus spp</i>). and how it can be used to formulate control measures will be required.</p>
<p>(c) Harvesting and processing</p> <p>9. Production of sugarcane:</p> <p>(a) Introduction</p> <p>(b) Land preparation, planting and cultural practices.</p> <p>(c) Harvesting</p> <p>(d) Processing and Uses</p>	<p>Harvesting and processing activities (ginning and grading) will be assessed.</p> <p>Knowledge of the different species (<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>, <i>Saccharum barberi</i>, <i>Saccharum sinense</i>, <i>Saccharum medulla</i>), their morphological characteristics and botanical classification (family, genus, species) and the soil, rainfall and water requirements will be assessed.</p> <p>Land preparation methods such as clearing, ploughing, harrowing and ridging will be assessed. Propagating materials (short setts, long setts and soldier setts), planting space, and cultural practices such as weed control, earthing-up, fertilizer application and the identification of the major factors that affect the quality of cane will be assessed.</p> <p>Knowledge of signs of maturity, optimum harvesting time, method of harvesting, frequency of harvesting (ratoon) and the various stages of sugar cane extraction will be assessed.</p> <p>Description of the processing stages (crushing/milling, clarification, concentration, crystallization and refining) and precautions to ensure maximum sugar yield during extraction are required.</p>

<p>10. Cultivation of fruit crops:</p> <p>(a) Types, characteristics and geographical distribution of fruit crops in West Africa.</p> <p>(b) Land preparation and nursery practices.</p> <p>(c) Transplanting and field maintenance.</p> <p>(d) Harvesting and post-harvest handling.</p> <p>(e) Marketing</p> <p>11. Production of Tree crops:</p> <p>(a) Types, characteristics, classification and importance of tree crops.</p> <p>(b) Geographical</p>	<p>Knowledge of the uses of products and by-products of sugar are also required</p> <p>Knowledge of botanical names of various types of tropical and sub-tropical fruits is required. This will include citrus, pineapple, mango, banana, avocado pear, pawpaw, shea, miraculous berry, hog plum, apple, grapes etc. Assessment will also cover knowledge of the characteristics, the environmental requirements and geographical distribution of fruit crops in West Africa.</p> <p>Assessment will be on knowledge and understanding of land preparation methods, pre-nursery and nursery practices such as budding, grafting, potting, soil sterilization, shading, roguing, hardening, fertilizer application, pest and disease control, irrigation etc.</p> <p>Cultural practices in the field such as transplanting methods and processes e.g. lining and pegging, planting pattern, planting at stake and transplanting etc, and field care such as fertilizer application, mulching, weed control, pests and diseases and their control will be assessed.</p> <p>Signs of maturity, method of harvesting, precautions, equipment for harvesting, post-harvest handling e. g. sorting, grading and packaging; pests and diseases and their control will be assessed.</p> <p>Candidates will be assessed on marketing channels, quality and safety standards. The importance of value chains in the production and marketing of fruit crops will also be assessed.</p> <p>The types (based on their uses), scientific names and botanical characteristics is required.</p> <p>The geographical distribution in West Africa and</p>
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distribution, environmental requirements and adaptations	the adaptations of various tree crops is required.
(c) Seed dormancy	Causes of seed dormancy and methods to break dormancy will be assessed.
(d) Land preparation and techniques of raising and management of tree crops.	Assessment will be on land preparation methods, pre-nursery and nursery practices such as budding, grafting, potting, soil sterilization, shading, weed management, mulching, shading, roguing, fertilizer application, pest and disease control, irrigation etc.
(e) Harvesting and post-harvest handling.	Signs of maturity, methods of harvesting, precautions, equipment for harvesting, pests and diseases and their control; Post-harvest activities such as dehusking, hulling, fermentation, canning, drying, coagulation, smoking etc. will be assessed.
(f) Marketing	Candidates will be assessed on marketing channels, quality and safety standards.
12. Production of specific tree crops:	The major types of tree crops (cocoa, cashew, coconut and oil palm), their geographical distribution in West Africa, their classification (family, genus, species and varieties); morphological characteristics of the roots, leaves, flowers and seeds, and the cross-sectional parts of seeds will be assessed.
(a) Classification, botanical attributes and distribution of specific tree crops in West Africa.	Land preparation, nursery practices, planting methods and patterns, cultural practices, pests (including the life cycle of cocoa capids/ mirids) and diseases and their control will be assessed.
(b) Land preparation, planting and cultural practices.	Signs of maturity, harvesting tools and steps in using the tools, harvesting, handling procedures, grading, processing of each tree crop produce into industrial products and storage method(s) will be assessed.
(c) Harvesting, processing and storage.	The uses, nutritional and economic importance, tree crop value chains and the quality and safety standards for marketing in the tree crop industry is required.
(d) Uses, value chains and marketing.	

<p>(e) Nursery and field practices.</p>	<p>Reasons for and skills in undertaking nursery practices such as seed box/bed preparation including soil sterilization, drilling, pricking out, hardening off, transplanting, etc and field practices including supplying, watering/irrigation, thinning, mulching, staking, weed management, fertilizer application, pruning, pest and disease control will be assessed.</p>
<p>(f) Harvesting and post-harvest handling of vegetable crops.</p>	<p>The signs of maturity, equipment used for harvesting, precautions, methods and skills used in harvesting and post-harvest handling such as trimming, washing, removal of malformed and damaged vegetables, grading etc. Knowledge preservation and processing methods such as drying, curing, milling, pasteurization, refrigeration, pickling, canning etc. will be assessed.</p>
<p>(g) Quality and safety standards in vegetable production.</p>	<p>Assessment will be based on the procedures and skills in maintaining food quality and safety standards – external quality: shelf life, appearance -colour, shape etc, and internal quality: taste, nutritive value etc.</p>
<p>(h) Vegetable seed production and marketing.</p>	<p>The various methods of extraction and storage of seeds of pulpy fruits and dry fruits; labelling, pricing etc. and marketing will be assessed.</p>
<p><u>C. PRODUCTION OF SPECIFIC VEGETABLE CROPS</u> (a) Classification, types, environmental requirements and land preparation methods.</p>	<p>Assessment will be on classification of tomato, cabbage, carrot, French bean, lettuce and cauliflower into family, genus, species, varieties and cultivars. Types of vegetables based on botany; (i) Leafy vegetables - cabbage and lettuce; (ii) Floral vegetables - cauliflower; (iii) Fruit vegetables - tomatoes, pepper, garden eggs, okro; (iv) Pod and seed vegetables - French beans and agushi, (melon seed) and (v) Vegetables with fleshy storage structures - onion and carrot. The environmental requirements and land preparation methods, nursery practices (if applicable), spacing, transplanting/planting</p>

<p>(b) Nursery and cultural practices.</p> <p>(c) Harvesting and post-harvest handling.</p> <p>(d) Quality and safety standards in vegetable production and roles of actors and players.</p>	<p>methods for individual crops will be examined.</p> <p>Assessment will be based on knowledge and skills in planning and carrying out all the required nursery and cultural practices such as bed preparation and soil sterilization, seed drilling, irrigation/watering, shading, mulching, and transplanting, fertilizer application etc.</p> <p>Candidates will be assessed on the signs of maturity, equipment used for harvesting, precautions and skills in methods used in harvesting and post-harvest handling of each vegetable (fresh or dried). Knowledge and understanding of parameters and procedures for yield determination will also be assessed.</p> <p>Assessment will be based on how quality and safety standards are to be maintained e.g. grading, packaging, transporting to local markets and factors to be considered in pricing harvested vegetable products etc.</p> <p>Assessment will also be based on value chains in vegetable production, the roles of various actors/players in the supply of vegetables, description of marketing procedures of a vegetable crop in a local market and a foreign market (e.g. European market).</p>
<p><u>D. RAISING ORNAMENTAL PLANTS</u></p> <p>(a) Types and functions of ornamental plants.</p> <p>(b) Propagation of ornamental plants.</p>	<p>Knowledge of the types of ornamental plants based on their uses and growth habits i.e. Outdoor plants (grouped into bedding plants, shrub plants, climbing plants, ground cover and water plants); and Indoor plants, will be assessed. The scientific names and functions of ornamental plants will also be assessed.</p> <p>Candidates will be assessed on the methods of</p>

<p>(c) House plants:</p> <p>(i) Types and uses</p> <p>(ii) Selecting house plants for specific uses.</p> <p>(iii) Management of house plants: Tools, Containers and Management, practices.</p> <p>(iv) Marketing</p> <p>(d) Establishment and management of lawn grasses.</p> <p>(e) Establishment and management of hedges.</p> <p>(f) Establishment and management of beds and borders.</p> <p>E. <u>LANDSCAPING</u></p>	<p>propagation by seeds and vegetative means, media and containers for propagation and also collection, purification and cleaning and maintenance of seed viability; and nursing or planting at stake.</p> <p>Knowledge of the types of house plants based on the morphological features and position in the house is required.</p> <p>Assessment will be based the selection and placement of house plants and containers.</p> <p>The uses of tools, containers and management practices such as provision of light, air, water, fertilizer application; pruning and trimming; pest and disease control, cleaning and polishing will be required</p> <p>Assessment will be based the factors of production, demand and supply, packaging, pricing and transport.</p> <p>Assessment will be based on knowledge of the characteristics and importance of lawns, planting materials, methods of propagation, common lawn grasses, site preparation and maintenance practices such as watering, weeding and spiking.</p> <p>Assessment will be based on common hedging plants and their characteristics; the importance of hedges, planting materials, methods of propagation, site preparation and maintenance practices such as watering, weeding and pruning.</p> <p>Assessment will be based on knowledge of common bed and border plants, the differences between beds and borders and hedges and borders; principles underlying establishing beds and borders; Management practices including selection of appropriate plants for beds and borders, planting materials, methods of propagation, common bed and border plants and site preparation and maintenance practices such as watering, weeding and pruning.</p>
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<p>(a) Meaning and importance of landscaping.</p> <p>(b) Components and principles of landscape design.</p>	<p>Knowledge and understanding of the concept and importance of landscaping (conservation, beautification, screening, forest reserve/green belt and wind break) are required.</p> <p>The differences between the components and the roles of the components (materials) such as landform, plant materials, water, sculpture and stone work, garden boundaries and ground pattern will be assessed.</p> <p>Knowledge and understanding of the principles of design (unity, scale, time, space division, texture, light and shade, tone and colour, style, line, variety, balance, repetition, balance, emphasis etc.) will be assessed.</p>
<p><u>F. VOCATIONS IN CROP HUSBANDRY AND HORTICULTURE</u></p> <p>(a) Vocations and tasks in Crop Husbandry and Horticulture.</p> <p>(b) Role of vocations</p> <p>(c) Establishments of enterprises</p>	<p>Assessment will be based on knowledge of vocations available in Crop Husbandry and Horticulture and the tasks involved.</p> <p>Tasks in occupations such as Produce Marketing, Exporting, Importing, Providing Services and Supplies, etc taking into consideration the educational qualifications, training, resources etc required to perform the tasks; and the benefits derived from the jobs.</p> <p>Candidates will be assessed on their ability to discuss the importance of vocations to the individual, community and nation.</p> <p>Candidates will be assessed on their ability to analyze the factors, resources and procedures (development of a business plan, registration of business etc.) required to establish enterprises.</p>

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PRACTICAL SYLLABUS

CONTENTS	NOTES
1. Introduction to Crop Production	<p>Ability to identify, classify and make biological diagrams of parts and sections of and of whole plants is required.</p> <p>Knowledge of use of field crops, vegetables, fruit of crops, tree crops and ornamental plant is required.</p> <p>Ability to identify farm tools and equipment, and knowledge of the uses and maintenance of general and specialized farm tools and equipment are also required.</p> <p>Ability to determine soil physical properties e.g. structure, texture: and chemical properties e.g. pH, salinity are required.</p>
2. Nursery Practices	<p>Ability to identify and prepare containers and media for propagation and knowledge of methods of propagation including budding and grafting are required.</p> <p>Ability to carry out seed tests such as germination, health and purity tests; undertake practices such as drilling, broadcasting,</p>

	sowing, pricking out, thinning, application of pesticides and starter solutions, hardening off and transplanting are required.
3. Field Practices	
(a) Land preparation and Planting	Knowledge of types of seed beds; seed rate, planting materials, planting methods and cropping calendar is required. Ability to calculate and interpret data on spacing and plant density is required.
(b) Fertilizers	Types of fertilizer and methods of application of organic and inorganic fertilizers e.g. granules, foliar, banding and broadcasting is required.
(c) Weeds	Identification of weeds, their ecological adaptations, and weed control measures e.g. cover cropping, mulching, herbicide application (types of herbicides) etc. is required.
(d) Pests and Diseases	Ability to identify pests and diseases; symptoms and effects of disease on host; life cycle of economic insects e.g. stem borer; Control measures for pests and diseases, including calibration of spraying equipment, types of pesticides and pesticide formulation are required.
(e) Irrigation	Types, uses and maintenance of irrigation equipment and parts e.g. watering can, watering hose, sprinklers, laterals and water pump is required.
4. Harvesting and Post-harvest Handling	Signs of maturity; methods of harvesting, seed extraction, processing and storage; grading of produce and products of arable, plantation and horticultural crops and the ability to estimate yield of crops are required.
5. Record keeping	Knowledge of types and uses of farm records; and ability to take/keep records on the farm are required.
6. Landscaping and Ornamental Horticulture	
	Knowledge of various components used for designing landscape; Identification of ornamental plants, and their uses; knowledge

	and skills in the use of tools, equipment, containers, media, etc for ornamental horticulture are required.
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